

# What can we do?

## Steps for developing effective policies

Steps	Tips	What can we do?
Understand the problem to be addressed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Describe the issue the policy needs to address.</li> <li>• Keep it simple.</li> </ul>	
Identify the overall policy objective.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What principles will underlie your policy? Keep these in mind when developing it.</li> <li>• These principles should link to the vision and values of your organisation.</li> </ul>	
Collect information and consult widely.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Who will or may be affected by the policy or the issue? What do they have to say?</li> <li>• Don't just consult the experts—talk to your Elders, leaders and networks to see what they think and the solutions they may have tried.</li> </ul>	
Identify the risks.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Risks may be related to unintended impacts on people, or there may be cultural, economic or political risks.</li> <li>• Will the policy resolve or increase tensions and conflicts?</li> <li>• Be realistic—it's no use setting yourself up to fail by developing a policy you cannot implement and enforce.</li> </ul>	

<p>Identify the cultural factors involved.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Describe the cultural issues, values, customs and relationships that the policy may need to take into account.</li> <li>• What cultural factors might strengthen or undermine its success?</li> </ul>	
<p>Identify the ranges of policy options and choices.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Keep ranges practical.</li> <li>• The policy should make sense, be fair, be workable, and address immediate problems and issues.</li> </ul>	
<p>Consider the internal and external environment, including your vision statement, the community and government rules.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Consider, for example, your members' and community's expectations and needs.</li> <li>• Consider the legal and financial requirements.</li> <li>• How will you communicate the new policy to members, the wider community, agencies, and stakeholders?</li> </ul>	
<p>Draft the policy in writing.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use clear and simple language.</li> <li>• Include a cultural values statement.</li> <li>• Include ideas about how the policy can be enforced in the wider community and cultural context.</li> <li>• Identify any skills, knowledge or professional capacities that may need to be developed to support the policy.</li> <li>• Have a set format for your policies (see the Policy Template included in this toolkit).</li> </ul>	

<p>Discuss, develop and adopt a policy statement at a board meeting.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The governing body is responsible for both developing and approving policies.</li> <li>• The governing body is not just a rubber stamp for policies written by management.</li> </ul>	
<p>Set up systems to ensure the policy is applied and reviewed on an ongoing basis.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• It is management’s responsibility to make sure procedures are in place so that the policy is communicated, understood and followed.</li> <li>• Have an up-to-date policies and procedures manual.</li> <li>• Include policies in induction training for new members of your governing body, management and staff members.</li> <li>• Make sure there management agrees to provide updates about how the policy implementation and procedures are going.</li> <li>• Set a realistic timetable for reviewing the policy.</li> <li>• Some policies may need to be reviewed more often because of changes—to their key role in the organisation’s functions, as well as other changes.</li> </ul>	